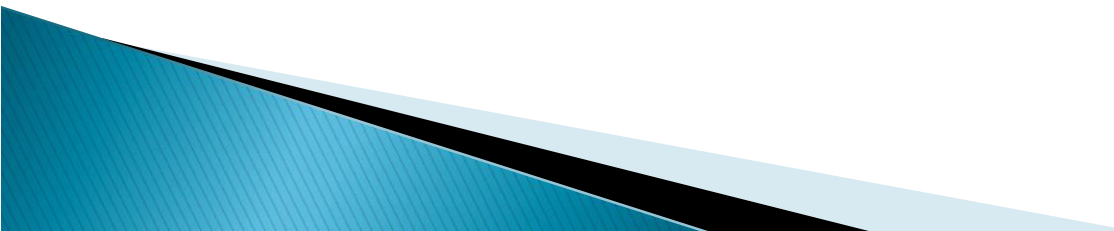
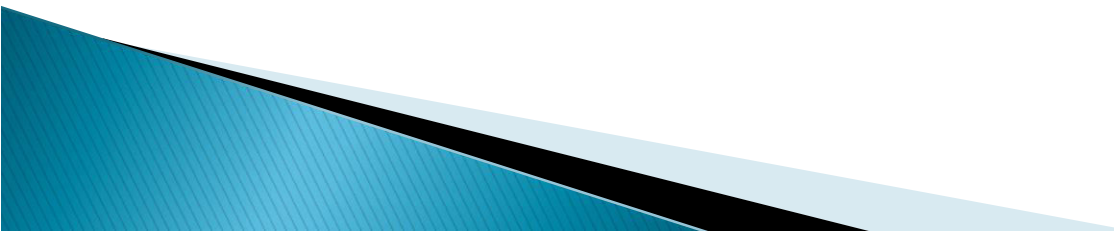


Interfacing Keyboard and Seven Segment display

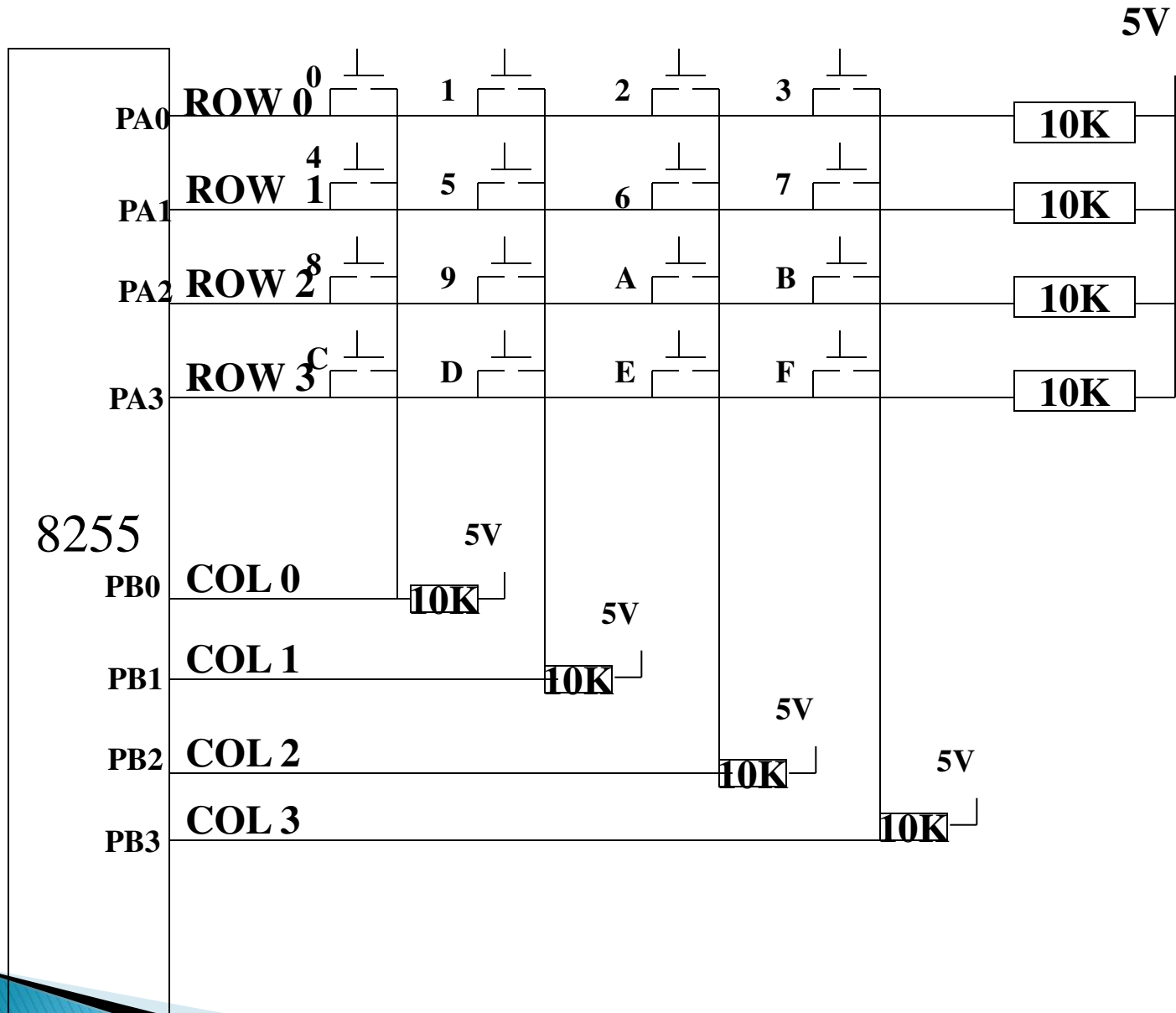
Introduction

- ▶ There are lot of research scope in field of microprocessor, today word is electronic world and computer and electronic equipment are using in every field. Improve the quality and feature of the existing microprocessor new research are going on. so there are lot of research scope in this field.
- 

Applications

- ▶ Using in calculators keypad.
 - ▶ Computer keyboard.
 - ▶ Video games.
 - ▶ Mobile phones
 - ▶ Telephone
 - ▶ PDA's
- 

INTERFACING KEYBOARD



8086 HAS TO

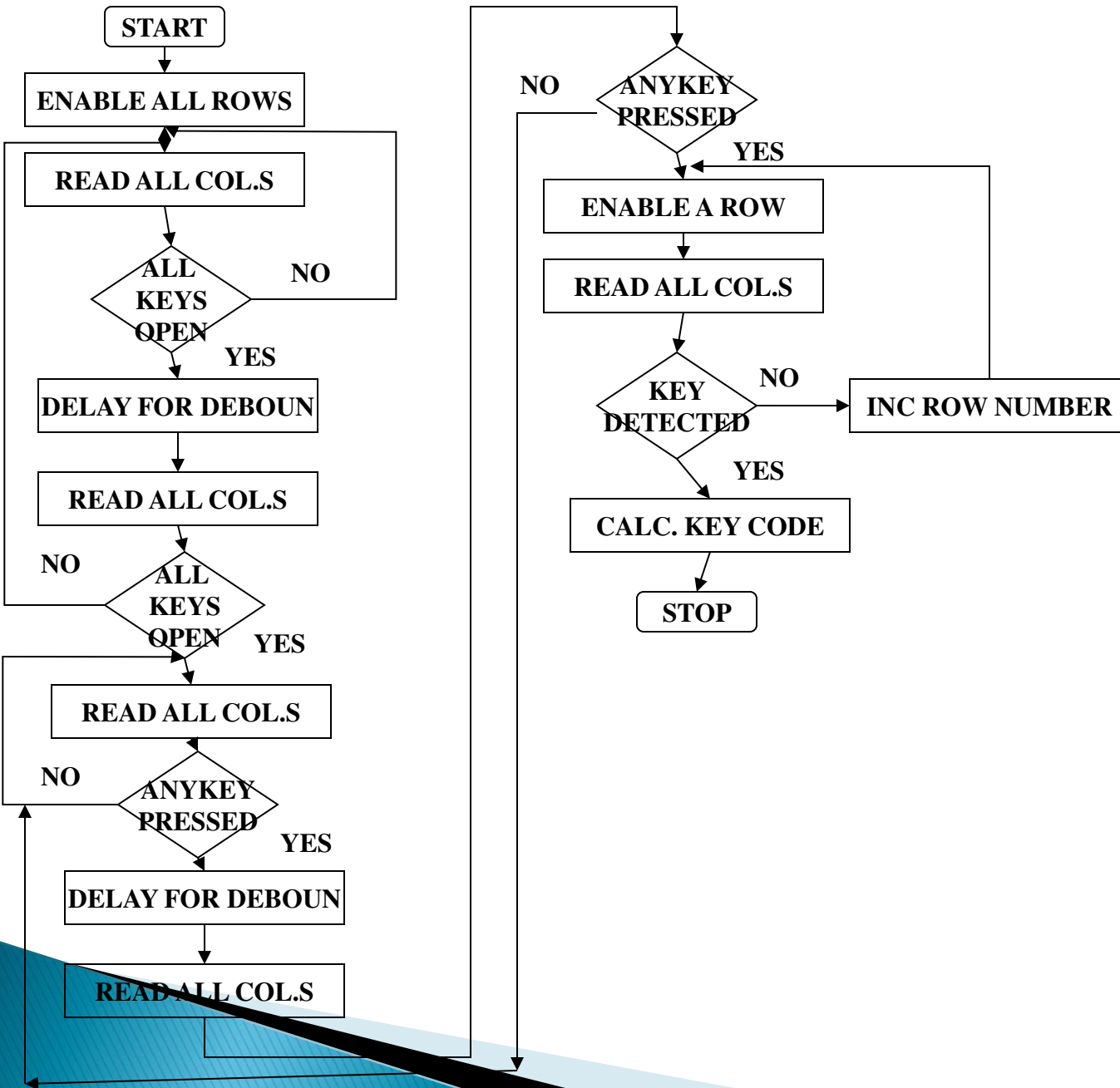
1. DETECT A KEY PRESS
2. DEBOUNCE A KEY PRESS
3. GENERATE A CODE
CORRESPONDING
TO THE KEY BEING PRESSED

SOFTWARE ASPECTS

ALGORITHM

1. WAIT till all keys are released. Use s.w debounce for each key check
2. Wait for key closure
3. Confirm key closure
4. Find number of row and column to which key belongs
5. Convert the row and col information to entry number of the table which contains ASCII code
6. Get code and repeat in infinite loop

Flow chart



PROGRAM

DATA SEGMENT

CNTRPRT EQU 8003H

PORTA EQU 8000H

PORTB EQU 8001H

DELAY EQU 6666

TABLE DB 30H,31H,32H,.....39H,41H,....46H ;ASCII CODES FROM 0 TO F

DATA ENDS

CODE SEGMENT

ASUUME CS:CODE,DS:DATA

START:

MOV AX,DATA

MOV DS,AX

MOV AL,82H

MOV DX,CNTRPRT ;PORT A AS I/P PORT PORT B AS O/P PORT

OUT DX,AL

XOR AL,AL

MOV DX,PORTA

OUT DX,AL ;ENABLE ALL ROWS

MOV DX,PORTB

RDCOL:

IN AL,DX ;GTE COL STATUS

AND AL,0FH ;MASK UNWANTED BITS

CMP AL,0FH ;GET READY FOR CHKING COL SATTUS

JNE RDCOL ;IS ANY COL ACTIVE?IF YES CHK AGAIN

MOV CX,DELAY ;NO DEBOUNCE DEALY

SELF:

LOOP SELF

IN AL,DX

AND AL,0FH ;CONFIRM COL STATUS AGAIN

CMP AL,0FH

JNE RDCOL ;IF NOT CONFIRMED CHECK AGAIN

RDAGN:

IN AL,DX ;CONFIRMED THAT ALL KEYS ARE OPEN,GET COL STATUS AGAIN

AND AL,0FH

CMP AL,0FH ;CHECK FOR ANY KEY CLOSURE,IF NO CONTINUE TO CHECK,IF YES

JE RDAGN ;NEXT STEP

MOV CX,DELAY

SELF1:

LOOP SELF1

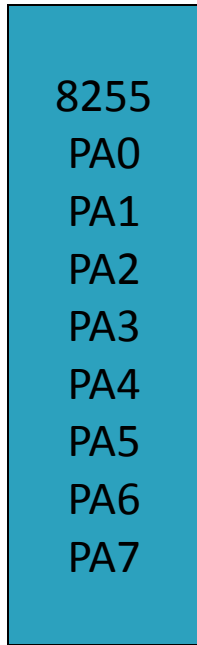

```

IN AL,DX
AND AL,0FH           ;CONFIRM COL STATUS AGAIN
JE RDAGN
MOV AL,0FEH ;KEY CLOSURE CONFIRMES,SELECT ROW PATTERN TO ENABLE A ROW
MOV BL,AL           ;SAVE IT
ENROW: MOV DX,PORTA
OUT DX,AL           ;ENABLE CORRESPONDING ROW
MOV DX,PORTB
IN AL,DX           ;GET COL STATUS
AND AL,0FH
CMP AL,0FH         ;CHECK IF COL IS ACTIVE
JNE CCODE          ;IF YES, GO TO CALCULATE ASCII CODE OF KEY PRESSED
ROL BL,1           ;PREPARE TO ENABLE NEXT ROW
MOV AL,BL
JMP ENROW

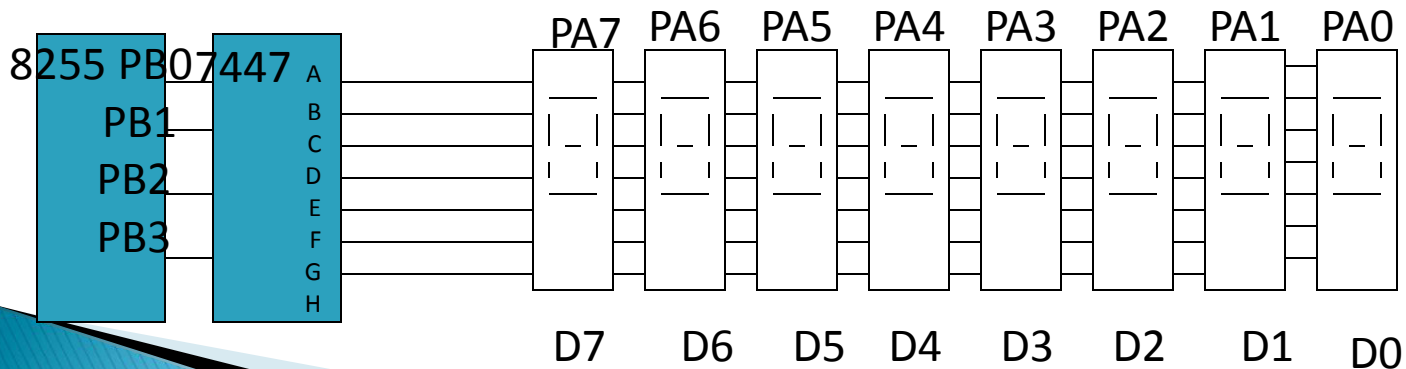
CCODE: MOV CL,0     ;AL CONTAINS COL PATTERN,BL CONTAINS ROW PATTERN
        ;INITIALIZE COL COUNT TO 0
NXTCOL: ROR AL,1    ;COL STATUS GOES TO CARRY FLAG
        JNC CHKROW ;IS COL ACTIVE, IF YES, CL CONTAINS COL.NUMBER
        INC CL      ;NO INCREMENT COL COUNT
        JMP NXTCOL ;CHECK NEXT COL
CHKROW: MOV DL,0    ;CL CONTAINS COL NUMBER
        ;INITIALIZE ROW COUNT TO ZERO
NXTROW: ROR BL,1    ;ROW STATUS GOES TO CARRY FLAG
        JNC CALADR  ;IS ROW ACTIVE? IF YES, DL CONTAINS ROW NUMBER
        ADD DL,04H  ;ROW COUNT+4 →ROW COUNT
        JMP NXTROW CHECK NEXT ROW
CALADR: ADD DL,CL   ;ROW +COL
        MOV AL,DL
        LEA BX,TABLE
        XLAT        ;GET ASCII CODE OF THE KEY PRESSED
        INT3H
        JMP START
CODE ENDS
END SATRT

```

INTERFACING THE LED DISPLAY



CONNECT PA TO DISPLAY THROUGH PNP TRANSISTOR



ALGORITHM

1. TURN ON Q0 BY APPLYING A LOGICAL LOW TO BASE OF PNP TRANSISTOR
2. SEND 7-SEGMENT CODE FOR D0 (DIGIT 0)
3. AFTER 1MS TURN OFF Q0,TURN ON Q1, OFF Q0,Q2-Q7
4. SEND 7-SEGMENT CODE FOR D1(DIGIT 1)
5. AFTER 1MS TURN OFF Q1,TURN ON Q2 REMAINING Q'S OFF
6. REPEAT THE PROCESS FOR ALL 8-DIGITS.IT COMPLETES ONE CYCLE
7. START CYCLE AGAIN

PROGRAM

```
DATA SEGMENT
PORTA EQU 0FFF8H
PORTB EQU 0FFF9F
CTRLPORT EQU 0FFFBH
DELAY EQU 012CH
DIGITS DB 1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8
DATA ENDS
CODE SEGMENT
ASSUME CS:CODE,DS:DATA
START:
MOV AX,DATA
MOV DS,AX
MOV DX,CNTRLPORT           ;PORTA ,PORTB O/P PORTS
MOV AL,80H
REPEAT:
OUT DX,AL
MOV BH,8                   ;INITIALIZE DIGIT COUNT
LEA SI,DIGITS              ;GET ADDRESS OF THE DIGIT TABLE
MOV BL,0FEH               ;CODE TO TURN ON Q0
BACK:
MOV AL,BL
MOV DX,PORTA              ;TURN ON Q0
OUT DX,AL
MOV AL,[SI]
MOV DX,PORTB              ;GET DIGIT TO BE DISPLAYED
OUT DX,AL                 ;SEND IT TO 7447 FOR DISPLAY
SELF:
MOV CX,DELAY              ;DELAY CONSTATNT FOR 1MS
LOOP SELF
INC SI
ROL BL,1                  ;CODE TO TURN ON NEXT TRANSISTOR
DEC BH                    ;DECREMENT DIGIT COUNT
JNZ BACK
JMP REPEAT
CODE ENDS
END START
```

D TO A CONVERTER

D/A CONVERTER CAN BE DIRECTLY CONNECTED TO 8255

LET US ASSUME THAT 8-BIT D/A CONVERTER USED IS HAVING FULL SCALE O/P VOLTAGE OF 0-5V. IT IS CONNECTED TO PORT A OF 8255. THE BASE ADDRESS OF 8255 IS 8000H. CLOCK FREQUENCY IS 5MHZ

GENERATE A SQUARE WAVE OF 5VOLTS, 1KHZ FREQ



5VOLTS, 500MICRO SEC

ALGORITHM

- SEND A VALUE 0 TO PORT A
- DELAY 500MICRO SEC
- SEND A VLAUE FFH TO PORT A(FOR +5V)
- REPEAT CYCLE INDIFINITELY

DELAY CALCULATIONS

**LOOP INSTRUCTION USED FOR GENERATING REQUIRED DELAY, TAKES 17 CYCLES
TIME FOR 17 CYCLES = $17 \times 200\text{ns}$ (CPU FREQ = 5MHZ, 1 CYCLE = 200NS)**

- 3.4 MICRO SEC

HENCE ONE LOOP INSTRUCTION = 3.4 MICRO SEC

DELAY REQUIRED = 500MICRO SEC

LOOP INSTRUCTION SHOULD BE REPEATED FOR **N WHERE**

****N** = $500/3.4 = 147$**

```
DATA SEGMENT
PORT EQU 8000H
CNTPRT EQU 8003H
DELAY EQU 147
DATA ENDS
CODE SEGMENT
ASSUME CS:CODE,DS:DATA
START:  MOV AX,DATA
        MOV DS,AX
        MOV AL,80H
        MOV DX,CNTPRT
        OUT DX,AL
        MOV DX,PORTA
BACK:   MOV AL,00
        OUT DX,AL
        MOV CX,DELAY
SELF:   LOOP SELF
        MOV AL,0FFH
        OUT DX,AL
        MOV CX,DELAY
SELF:   LOOP SEWLF
        JMP BACK
        INT 3H
CODE ENDS
END START
```


GENERATE RECTANGULAR WAVE OF 1V TO 4V,25% DUTY CYCLE, 500KHZ FREQ

ALGORITHM

- 1. SEND A VALUE CORRESPONDING TO 1VOLT TO PORT A**
- 2. AFTER 1500 MICRO SEC DELAY SEND
A VALUE CORRESPONDING TO 4VOLTS TO PORT A**
- 3. AFTER 500 MICRO SEC SEND FIRST VALUE(CORRESPONDING TO 1VOLT)**
- 4. REPEAT CYCLE INDIFINITELY**

DELAY CALCULATIONS

DELAY CONSTANT FOR 500 MICRO = 147

DELAY CONSTANT FOR 1500 MICRO = 147 X 3 = 441

BINARY VALUE FOR 5VOLT = FFH

BINARY VALUE FOR 1 VOLT = FF/5H= 255/5 = 51 = 33H

BINARY VALUE FOR 4VOLTS = 33H X 4 = CCH

PROGRAM

```
DADA SEGMENT
PORT EQU 8000H
CNTPRT EQU 8003H
DELAYH EQU 147
DELAYL EQU 441
LVOLT DB 33H
HVOLT DB 0CCH
DATA ENDS
CODE SEGMENT
ASSUME CS:CODE,DS:DATA
START:  MOV AX,DATA
        MOV DS,AX
        MOV AL,80H
        MOV DX,CNTPRT
        OUT DX,AL
BACK:   MOV AL,LVOLT
        MOV DX,PORTA
        OUT DX,AL
        MOV CX,DELAYL
SELF:   LOOP SELF
        MOV AL,HVOLTH
        OUT DX,AL
```

```
MOV CX,DELAYH
SELF:   LOOP SEWLF
JMP BACK
INT 3H
CODE ENDS
END START
```

GENERATE TRIANGULAR WAVE OF 0 TO 5V

ALGORITHM

1. SEND A VALUE CORRESPONDING TO 0V ON PORT A
2. INCREMENT THE VALUE BY 1 AND KEEP SENDING IT TILL IT REACHES HIGH VOLTAGE
3. DECREMENT THE VALUE BY 1 AND KEEP SENDING IT TILL VALLU REACHES 0VOLT
4. INCREMENT AGAIN AND REPEAT THE CYCLE INDIFINITELY
5. BINARY VALUE FOR 0V = 00H
6. BINARY VALUE FOR 5V =FFH

```
DADA SEGMENT
PORT EQU 8000H
CNTPRT EQU 8003H
DELAYH EQU 147
DELAYL EQU 441
LVOLT DB 00H
HVOLT DB 0FFH
DATA ENDS
CODE SEGMENT
ASSUME CS:CODE,DS:DATA
START:  MOV AX,DATA
        MOV DS,AX
        MOV AL,80H
        MOV DX,CNTPRT
        OUT DX,AL
        MOV AL,LVOLT
        MOV DX,PORTA
BACK:   OUT DX,AL
        INC AL
        CMP AL,HVOLT
        JNZ BACK
BK:OUT DX,AL
        DEC AL
        CMP AL,LVOLT
        JNZ BK
        JMP BACK
```

PROGRAM

```
INT 3H
CODE ENDS
END START
```

GENERATE STAIRCASE WAVE WITH THE FOLLOWING SPECIFICATIONS

NUM.OF STEPS = 5

HEIGHT OF STEP = 1VOLT

WIDTH OF STEP = 5MILLI SEC

ALGORITHM

- 1. SEND A VALUE OF 0 CORRESPONDING TO 0 VOLTS TO PORT A**
- 2. GIVE DELAY OF 5 MILLI SEC**
- 3. CALCULATE NEXT VALUE BY ADDING STEP HEIGHT**
- 4. SEND IT TO PORT A AND DELAY AGAIN**
- 5. REPEAT THIS TILL ALL STEPS ARE OVER**
- 6. CONTINUE THE CYCLE INDIFINITELY**

DEALY CALCULATIONS

3.4 MICRO SEC X DELAY CONSTANT = 5000 MICRO SEC

DELAY CONSTANT = 5000 MICRO SEC / 3.4 = 1470

STEP HEIGHT = 1 VOLT = FF/5 H = 255 / 5 = 51 = 33H

(LVOLT) LOW VALUE = 0H

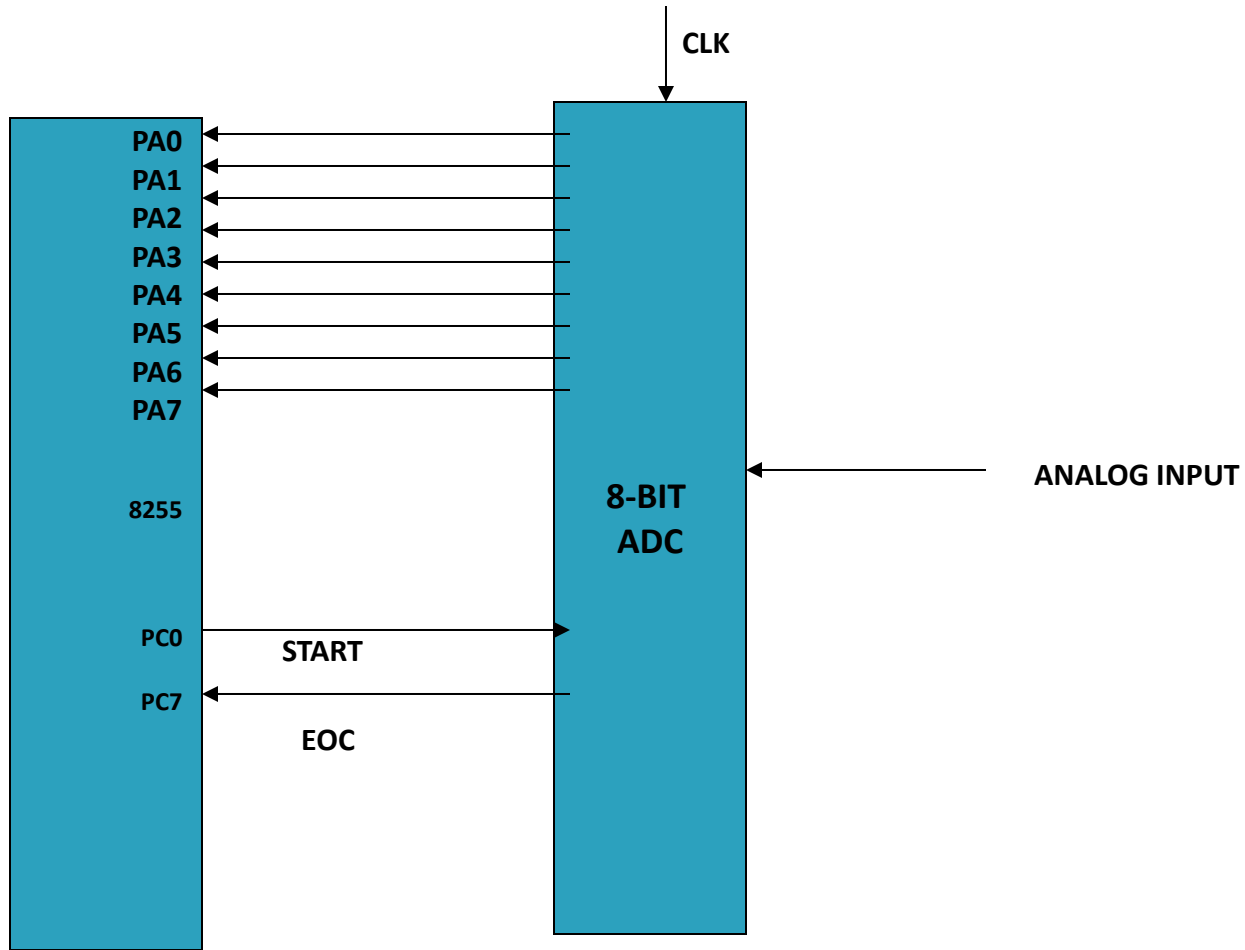
HVOLT HIGH VALUE = 0FFH

PROGRAM

```
DATA SEGMENT
PORTA EQU 8000H
CNTPRT EQU 8003H
LVOLT EQU 0H
HVOLT DB 0FFH
STEPH DB 33H
STEPCNT DB 06H ; NO.OF STEPS PLUS ONE = STEPCOUNT
DELAY EQU 1470
DATA ENDS
CODE SEGMENT
ASSUME CS:CODE,DS:DATA
START:  MOV AX,DATA
        MOV DS,AX
        MOV AL,80H
        MOV DX,CNTPRT
        OUT DX,AL
        MOV AL,LVOLT
        MOV DX,PORTA
BEGIN:  MOV BL,STEPCNT
        MOV AL,00H
BACK:   OUT DX,AL
        MOV CX,DELAY
SELF:   LOOP SELF
        ADD AL,STEPH
```

```
DEC BL
JNZ BACK
JMP BEGIN
INT 3H
CODE ENDS
END START
```

Analog to Digital Converter



**WRITE A PROGRAM FOR 8-BIT ADC TO SAMPLE
ANALOG INPUT AND STORE THE DIGITAL VALUE IN MEMORY**

ALGORITHM

- 1.SEND THE START PULSE TO ADC**
- 2.WAIT FOR EOC TO BECOME ACTIVE**
- 3.READ THE DATA FROM ADC AND STORE IT IN MEMORY**

MD=98H

PCBSR = 00 (RESET)/ 01(SET)

DATA SEGMENT

PORTA EQU 0FFE0H

PORTC EQU 0FFE4H

CNTPRT EQU 0FFE6H

MEM DW 2000H

DATA ENDS

CODE SEGMENT

ASSUME CS:CODE,DS:DATA

START: MOV AX,DATA

MOV DS,AX

MOV DX,CNTPRT

MOV AL,98H

OUT DX,AL

MOV AL,01H

OUT DX,AL

MOV AL,00

OUT DX,AL

MOV DX,PORTC

CHK: IN AL,DX

AND AL,80H

JZ CHK

MOV DX,PORTA

IN AL,DX

MOV MEM,AL

INT 3H

CODE ENDS

END START

Scope of research

- ▶ Here we can developed the technique which required lesser hardware to interconnect microprocessor and and seven segment LED, and we can also design a such LED which has less then seven segments and capable to show all the letters and numbers.